PARLIAMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

ANIMAL WELFARE

A

BILL

to provide for the protection of animals from cruelty; to foster kindness, compassion and responsible behaviour towards animals in the community; to establish a National Animal Welfare Authority; to provide for animal welfare generally; and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

Presented by Hon. (Ven.) Athuraliye Rathana Thero, M. P. for Gampaha District on October 19, 2010

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An Act to provide for the protection of animals from cruelty; to foster kindness, compassion and responsible behaviour towards animals in the community; to establish a National Animal Welfare Authority; to provide for animal welfare generally; and for matters connected therewith or incidental thereto.

BE it enacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows:—

 This Act may be cited as the Animal Welfare Act, Short title No. of 2010 and shall come into operation on such date as 5 the Minister may appoint by Order published in the *Gazette*:

Provided that the Minister may appoint different dates in respect of different Parts of this Act.

PART I

OBJECTIVES

10 **2.** The Objectives of this Act are—

Objectives.

- to recognize a duty of care on the part of persons in charge of animals to treat the animals humanely and to take all reasonable steps to ensure the wel-being of those animals;
- (2) to prevent cruelty to animals and to secure the protection and welfare of animals, to prohibit certain categories of conduct in relation to animals and impose penalties for breach of the law;
 - (3) to establish a National Animal Welfare Authority and to provide for regulations and codes of practice for animal welfare ; and
 - (4) to raise community awareness on animal welfare.

2-PL 005203-125 (09/2010)

PART II

THE NATIONAL ANIMAL WELFARE AUTHORITY

3. (1) There shall be established an Authority which Animal shall be called the National Animal Welfare Authority
 5 (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "Authority").

(2) The Authority shall by the name assigned to it by subsection (1) be a body corporate and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and may sue and be sued in such name.

10	4. Th members :-		Constitution of the Authority.
		a persons appointed by the Minister (hereinafter cerred to as the "appointed members") as follows:—	
15		i) six persons with wide experience in animal welfare from among persons nominated by Animal Welfare Societies and at least one of whom shall be an Attorney-at-Law;	
20	(i) two persons with qualifications in veterinary science nominated by the Veterinary Council of Sri Lanka;	
	(i	i) one person who is an Ayurvedic physician with experience in treating animals, nominated by the Ayurvedic Medical Council ; and	
25	(i	 one person who is a professor or Senior Lecturer in clinical veterinary sciences of a recongnized University in Sri Lanka nominated by the University Grants Commission ; and 	
	(<i>b</i>) th	following ex-officio members, namely :	
30		 the Director, of Wild Life Conservation or his nominee; 	

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	(ii)	the Director of the Department of National Zoological Gardens or his nominee;	
	(iii)	the Director General of the Central Environmental Authority or his nominee;	
5	(iv)	the Director General of the Department of Animal Production and Health appointed under the Animal Diseases Act, No. 59 of 1991 or his nominee;	
10	(v)	the Inspector General of Police or his nominee who shall be not below the rank of Deputy Inspector General of Police; and	
	(vi)	the Director in charge of Public Health Services in the Health Ministry or his nominee.	
15	-	rson shall be disqualified from being appointed g as a member of the Authority if—	Disqualification from being a member.
		is or becomes a member of Parliament or any vincial Council or any local authority; or	
	(<i>b</i>) he	s not, or ceases to be, a citizen of Sri Lanka; or	
20	oth	is under any law in force in Sri Lanka or in any er country, found or declared to be of unsound id; or	
	(<i>d</i>) he i	s an undischarged bankrupt or insolvent, having	

been declared a bankrupt or insolvent; or

(e) he is seving or has, at any time during the preceding seven years, served a sentence of imprisonment imposed by any court in Sri Lanka or any other country; or has at any time been found guilty by a Court of law for any offence under any law relating to animal protection or welfare whether in Sri Lanka or any other country; or

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- (f) he holds or enjoys any right or benefit under any contract made by or on behlaf of the Authority; or
- (g) he has any financial or other interest that is likely to affect prejudicially the discharge by him of his functions as a member of the Authority.

6. (1) An appointed member may resign his office by Resignation letter addressed to the Minister and such resignation shall and removal of members. be effective from the date on which it is accepted by the Minister.

(2) The Minister may for reasons assigned remove an 10 appointed member of the Authority from office.

(3) Where an appointed member dies, resigns or is removed from office, the Minister shall, having regard to the provisions of Section 5, appoint another member in his place.

(4) A member appointed under subsection (3) shall hold 15 office for the unexpired part of the term of office of the member whom he succeeds.

7. Of the first appointed members, two shall hold office Term of for a period of two years, two shall hold office for a period of $^{\rm office of}$ members. 20 three years, three shall hold office for a period of four years

- and three shall hold office for a period of five years, as specified in their respective letters of appointment. Members appointed to succeed such members shall hold office for a period of five years.
- 8. The members of the Authority shall be paid such Remuneration 25 remuneration out of the Fund of the Authority at such rates of members. as may be determined by the Minister

9. (1) The Minister shall appoint a Chairperson and a Chairperson Deputy Chairperson of the Authority from among the and Deputy 30 appointed members. of the

Chairperson Authority.

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(2) If the Chairperson or the Deputy Chairperson is by reason of illness or absence from Sri Lanka, temprorarily unable to perform the duties of his office, the Minister may appoint another member of the Authority to act in his place.

- 5 **10.** (1) The Chairperson of the Authority shall preside Meetings of the at every meeting of the Authority. In the absence of the Chairperson from any such meeting, the Deputy Chairperson shall preside at such meeting. In the absence of both the Chairperson and the Deputy Chairperson from any such
- 10 meeting, a member elected from among the members present shall preside at such meeting.

(2) The quorum for any meeting of the authority shall be seven members.

(3) The Chairperson or the Deputy Chairperson or other 15 member presiding at any meeting of the Authority, shall in addition to his own vote, have a casting vote.

(4) Subject to the preceding provisions of this section, the Authority may regulate the procedure in regard to the meetings of the Authority and the transaction of business at

20 such meetings.

11. No act, decision or proceeding of the authority, shall Acts not be rendered invalid by reason only of the existence of any vacancy in the membership of the Authority or any defect in vacancy or the appointment of any member thereof.

12. (1) The seal of the Authority may be ditermined Seal of the 25 and devised by the Authority and may be altered in such manner as may be determined by the Authority.

(2) The seal of the Authority shall be in the custody of such person as the Authority may decide from time to time.

invalidated by reason of defect in appointment.

Authority.

Authority.

(3) The seal of the Authority shall not be affixed to any instrument or document except with the sanction of the Authority and in the presence of the Chairperson and one other member who shall sign the instrument or document in 5 token of their presence.

(4) The Authority shall maintain a register of the instruments and documents to which the seal of the Authority had been affixed.

13. The Authority may delegate any of the powers and Delegation of 10 functions of the Authority to the Chairperson, the Deputy powers and Chairperson, the Director, any Committee, any officer or any the other member of the Authority and any such person to whom Authority. any power or function is so delegated, shall exercise such power and discharge such function so delegated, subject to

functions of

15 the general or special directions of the Authority.

PART III

FUNCTIONS AND POWERS

14.	The functions of the Authority shall be	Functions of the
<i>(a)</i>	to advise the Government on the formulation of a national policy on animal welfare;	Authority.
<i>(b)</i>	to implement the provisions of this Act;	

- (c) to advise the Government on measures for the protection of animals and prevention of cruelty to animals;
- 25 (d) to keep the laws relating to animal welfare under constant review and advise the Government on amendments to be undertaken to any such laws;
 - (e) to formulate codes of practice relating to animal welfare which are consistent with internationally

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accepted standards and best practices in consultation with relevant Agencies and Bodies and Animal Welfare Organizations;

(f)	to create awareness of the objects and provisions of
	this Act among Government agencies, provincial
	authorities, local authorities, Animal Welfare
	Societies, religious institutions, schools and other
	educational institutions and the general public;

- (g) to foster kindness and compassion and responsible behaviour towards animals;
 - (*h*) to co-operate with animal welfare societies in promoting the objectives of this Act;
 - (i) to encourage the formation and development of animal welfare societies and to give financial and other assistance to such societies for the furtherance of the objectives of this Act;
 - (j) to advise the Government on appropriate standards and measures relating to the medical care of animals which may be provided in animal shelters and elsewhere;
 - (*k*) to recommend legal, administrative or other reforms required for the effective implementation of national policy on animal welfare;
- (*l*) to receive representations form the public relating to animal welfare and where necessary, to refer such representations to the appropriate authorities;
 - (m) to monitor the progress of investigations and criminal proceedings relating to offences against animals;
- 30 (*n*) to take appropriate steps for securing the safety, protection and welfare of animals;

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- (o) to advise and assist Government agencies, provincial authorities, local authorities, nongovernmental organizations, animal welfare societies, religious institutions and the general public to co-ordinate campaigns against cruelty to animals; and to advice on any matter connected with animal welfare;
- (*p*) to prepare and maintain a national data base on matters pertaining to animal welfare;
- 10 (q) to supervise and monitor institutions which provide animal care services, safety homes for animals and animal shelters;
 - (*r*) to promote education in relation to the humane treatment of animals and the promotion of animal welfare;
 - (s) to liaise and exchange information with foreign governments, international organizations and animal welfare associations in other countries, with respect to animal welfare and the prevention of all forms of cruelty to animals;
 - (*t*) to keep and maintain a Register of Animal Welfare Associations or Societies and Animal Shelters; and
 - (*u*) to establish special funds as provided for in this Act.

15. The Authority shall have the power—

Powers of the Authority.

- (*a*) to acquire, hold, take or give on lease or hire, mortgage, pledge, sell or otherwise dispose of, any movable or immovable property;
- (b) to borrow, with or without security, moneys, on such
 terms and conditions as may be approved by the Minister, for the purpose of discharging it's functions;

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- (c) to accept gift, grants or donations whether in cash or otherwise and to apply them for discharging its functions;
- (*d*) to establish committees at Provincial and District level for the exercise of such powers and discharge of such functions as may be delegated to them by the Authority;
- (e) to issue licences, permits and certificates of competence for such purposes as are provided for under this Act;
- (*f*) to make appointments of staff of the Authority as provided for under this Act;
- (g) to establish a social security scheme, and provide welfare and recreational facilities for its officers and employees;
- (*h*) to enter into and perform all such contracts, whether in or outside Sri Lanka, as may be necessary for the exercise of the powers and the discharge of the functions of the Authority;
- 20 (*i*) to make rules in respect of the administration of the affairs of the Authority;
 - (*j*) to establish shelters for the purpose of providing care and custody to animals;
 - (k) to institute where appropriate, prosecutions for offences under this Act; and
 - (*l*) to do all such other things as are necessary to facilitate the proper discharge of the functions of the Authority.

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PART IV

STAFF OF THE AUTHORITY

16. (1) There shall be appointed to the Authority a Staff of the Director, a Deputy Director, Assistant Directors, Animal authority.
5 Welfare Inspectors and such other officers and emplyees as may be considered necessary for the effecient discharge of its functions.

(2) The power of appointment, transfer, dismissal and disciplinary control of the Director, Deputy Director and the10 Asistant Directors shall vest in the Authority.

(3) The power of appointment, transfer, dismissal and disciplinary control of other officers and employees other than those referred to in subsection (2) shall vest in the director.

- 15 (4) The officers appointed under subsection (1) shall be remunerated in such manner and at such rates and shall be subject to such conditions of service as may be determined by the Authority with the approval of the Minister in charge of the subject of Finance.
- 20 (5) At the request of the Authority an officer in the public service may, with the consent of the officer and the Secretary to the Ministry of the Minister in charge of the subject of Public Administration, be temporarily appointed to the Authority for such period as may be determined by the 25 Authority with like consent, or be permanently appointed
- to such staff.

(6) Where any officer in the public service is temporarily appointed to the staff of the authority, the provisions of subsection (2) of section 14 of the National Transport

30 Commission Act, No. 37 of 1991, shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply, to and in relation, to him.

(7) Where any officer in the public service is permanently appointed to the staff of the Authority, the provisions of subsection (3) of section 14 of the National Transport Commission Act, No. 37 of 1991, shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to and in relation to him

5 apply, to and in relation, to him.

(8) Where the authority employs any person who has agreed to serve the Government for a specified period, any period of sevice to the Authority by that person shall be regarded as service to the Government for the purpose of 10 discharging the obligations of such agreement.

17. The Director of the Authority shall be the Chief Director of Executive Officer of the Authority and shall in the discharge of his functions of this Act in compliance with the policy and directions of the Authority.

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PART V

FINANCE

18. (1) The Authority shall have its own Fund Fund of the (hereinafter referred to as the "Fund")

(2) There shall be paid into the Fund—

20 (a) all such sums of money as may be voted by Parliament for the use of the Authority out of the Consolidated Fund;

> (b) all such sums of money as may be received by the Authority in the exercise, performance and discharge of its powers, duties and functions under this Act; and

> (c) all such sums of money as may be received by the Authority by way of gifts, grants or donations from any source whatsoever other than such sums as may be paid into Special Funds established in terms of section 19.

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(3) There shall be paid out of the Fund all such sums as are required to defray the expenditure incurred by the Authority in the exercise, performance and discharge of its powers, duties and functions under this Act or under any

5 other written law and all such sums as are required to be paid out of the Fund.

19. There may be established by the Authority Special Special Funds Funds with monies received by way of gifts, grants or donations from any source whatsoever, for special projects

- 10 or programmes aimed at providing support for animal welfare measures including the establishment of animal welfare centres, animal shelters, animal hospitals and other similar measures and the provisions of sections 20 and 21 of this Act shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to such Special Funds.
- 20. Every donation made by money or otherwise to the Exemption 15 Authority shall, for the purposes of paragraph (b) of from certain subsection (2) of Section 31 of the Inland Revenue Act, No. 38 of 2000 be deemed to be a donation made in money or otherwise to a fund established by the Government.
- 20 21. (1) The financial year of the Authority shall be the Financial year and calendar year. audit of

(2) The provisions of Article 154 of the Constitution relating to the audit of the accounts of public corporations shall apply to the audit of the accounts of the Authority.

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PART VI

DUTY OF CARE

22. A person in charge of an animal owes a duty of care Duty of Care to animals. to it.

for Animal Welfare

taxes.

accounts.

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23. Without prejudice to the generality of the provisions Duty of persons in charge of an animal—

- (*a*) to take all reasonable measures to ensure the well being of such animal; and
- (b) to prevent the infliction upon such animal of unnecessary fear or pain; and
- (c) to provide such animal with food, water, hygienic living conditions, adequate living space and shelter that is—
- (i) appropriate; and
- (ii) reasonably practicable for the person to provide.

PART VII

OFFENCES RELATING TO CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

15 **24.** (1) Any person who—

Cruelty to animals.

- (a) beats, kicks, overrides, overdrives, overloads, overworks, over-walks, tortures, terrifies or otherwise treats an animal so as to subject it to unnecessary pain or, being a person in charge of an animal, permits the animal to be so treated; or
- (b) uses an animal in any work or labour or for any other purpose for which by reason of any disease, infirmity, wound, or other cause, such animal is unfit to be so used or, being the person in charge of the animal, permits any such unfit animal to be so used; or
- (c) trains an animal in a way that is detrimental to its health and welfare, including forcing an animal to exceed its natural capacities or strength; or

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- (*d*) willfully and unreasonably administers any poison, injurious drug or substance to an animal or wilfully and unreasonably causes or attempts to cause any poison, injurious drug or substance to be taken by an animal; or
- (e) conveys or carries an animal in such a manner or position as to subject it to pain; or
- (f) keeps or confines an animal in any cage or any place which does not measure sufficiently in height, length and breadth to permit the animal a reasonable opportunity for movement; or
- (g) keeps an animal for an unreasonable length of time chained or tethered upon an unreasonably short or unreasonably heavy chain or cord or keeps an animal tied or bound or yoked in such a manner as to subject it to pain; or
- (*h*) being the person in charge of an animal, willfully deprives an animal of food, water or shelter; or
- (i) being the person in charge of an animal, kills the animal or its off-spring unless it is a food animal and the killing is in compliance with the provisions of this Act or unless such animal constitutes a grave and immediate danger to the public;
- (*j*) being a person in charge of animal, abandons the animal; or
 - (*k*) causes unnecessary pain to an animal by any other willful act or omission,

shall be guilty of the offence of cruelty to animals and shall, upon conviction after trial before a Magistrate be liable to a

30 fine not exceeding fifty thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and imprisonment.

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25. Any person who kills an animal in an unnecessarily Killing of cruel manner shall be guilty of an offence and shall, upon animal in conviction after trial before a Magistrate be liable to a fine cruel manner, not exceeding one hundred thousand rupees or to an offence.

5 imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both such fine and imprisonment.

26. (1) Any person who intentionally kills or knowingly Killing of sells or delivers for killing any pregnant animal except when pregnant the said animal constitutes grave and immediate danger to animal, an

- 10 the public, shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction after a trial before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three years or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- (2) If in a prosecution for an offence under subsection (1) 15 the question arises as to whether the animal in relation to which the offence is alleged to have been committed was pregnant at the time of the commission of the offence, a certificate under the hand of a Veterinary Surgeon to the
- 20 effect that the animal was pregnant at the time of the commission of the offence shall be admissible in evidence without proof of signature and shall, unless there is evidence to the contrary, be proof of the facts stated therein.

PART VIII

PROHIBITED CONDUCT

27. Without prejudice to the provisions of the Fauna Setting traps and Flora Protection Ordinance, no person shall, without any to capture reasonable excuse, set or cause to be set a trap to capture, ^{&c.}, prohibited. harm or kill an animal.

30	28.	No person shall confine a bird by means of—	Unlawful
		-	confinement
	(a)	a ring chain string cord or wire attached to its lag:	of birds
	(a) a ring, chain, string, cord or wire attached to its leg;	prohibited	
		or	

unnecessary

offence.

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(b) a restraint around its neck or body; or

	(c)	pinioning.	
	29. cosmeti	No person shall use an animal to test cosmetics, c ingredients or cosmetic products.	Use of animals for testing cosmetics &c., prohibited.
5	or steril	No person shall castrate or sterilize an animal or cause al to be castrated or sterilized, unless such castration ization is performed by or under the supervision of a ary Surgeon.	Unlawful castration or sterilization of animals prohibited.
10	mutilati	No person shall sell or offer for sale or contract to animal which is in pain by reason of illness, disease, on, starvation, thirst, overcrowding or ill-treatment, for the purpose of medical treatment and care.	Unlawful sale of animal suffering pain prohibited.
15	32. animal i to the an	No person shall keep for sale or display for sale any n such circumstances as would, cause pain or distress nimal.	Unlawful keeping or displaying of animal for sale prohibited
		No person shall make an animal available in any whatsoever for the purpose of being hunted, injured by another animal.	Making available an animal for hunting &c., prohibited.
20		No person shall carry on the business of breeding or in animals without obtaining a licence therefor as l by law.	Unlawful breeding or trading prohibited.
	-	Any person who acts in contravention of any of the ions contained in sections 27 to 34 shall be guilty fence and shall, upon conviction after trial before a	Punishment for engaging in prohibited conduct.

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Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.

36. (1) No person shall participate in, organize, manage, Prohibited
5 facilitate or advertise any of the following events (hereinafter events. called "a prohibited event"):—

- (*a*) sport-hunting or any other kind of recreational sport involving injury to or destruction of the lives of animals;
- 10 (b) any shooting match or competition in which animal is released from captivity for the purpose of shooting or hunting that animal; or
 - (c) any sporting event or entertainment that involves the confining of any animal (including tying of an animal) so as to make it an object of prey for any other animal or inciting any animal to fight any other animal.

(2) No person shall knowingly permit any premises of which he is the owner or of which he is in charge, to be usedfor a prohibited event.

(3) No person shall knowingly supply or train any animal for a prohibited event.

(4) Any person who contravenes the provisions of any Penalty. of the foregoing sub sections shall be guilty of an offence
25 and shall upon conviction after trail before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.

	37.	(1) No person shall slaughter or cause or permit to	Slaughter of
30	be slaue	ghtered—	buffaloes,
20	o o siaa	5	cows and
			bulls an
	(<i>a</i>)	any buffalo or buffalo calf; or	offence.

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- (b) any cow or cow calf; or
- (c) any bull or bull calf.

(2) In this section the expression "buffalo" includes both a male and female buffalo and the expression "buffalo calf" 5 includes both a male and female buffalo calf.

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence, and shall upon conviction after a trail by a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand rupees or to imprisonment

38. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Conditions any other law with regard to the grant of licenses for the regarding slaughter of any quadruped, no person shall slaughter of slaughter of 15 cause to be slaughtered a quadruped in a private dwelling

quadrupeds.

house or a place of business or a public place.

(2) No person shall slaughter any quadruped where the meat or any part of the carcass of the quadruped is meant to be sold or distributed for any purpose whatever unless such

20 person holds a certificate of competence in the slaughter of animals issued or recognized by the Authority.

(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction after a trial before a Magistrate, be liable to a

25 fine not exceeding twenty thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.

> "public place" for the purposes of this section includes any way, road, lane, square, court, alley, passage or open space whether a thoroughfare or not and any building to which the general public have access.

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¹⁰ for a term not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.

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PART IX

TRANSPORT OF ANIMALS

39. No person shall convey, carry or transport, or cause Subjecting to be conveyed, carried or transported any animal in such a animal to unnecessary 5 manner as to subject such animal to unnecessary pain. pain during transport. prohibited. 40. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing Duties during transport of provision, it shall be the duty of any person who conveys, animals. (a) that injury to such animal during loading and 10 unloading is avoided; (b) that the animal is provided adequate space, air, hygienic conditions and reasonable comfort during the period of transit from the time of loading to the time of unloading; 15 that no animal which is ---(*c*) (i) ill; or (ii) pregnant and is reasonably likely to give birth in transit or within forty eight hours thereafter, is so conveyed, carried or transported, other than 20 for purposes of medical treatment or the animal's own safety; (d) that any vehicle used in the conveyance, carriage or (i) facilities for the easy observance and

- inspection of the animal carried therein; and
- (ii) a ramp to load and unload such animal in a humane manner;

- (e) that the floor of any vehicle used in such conveyance, carriage or transportation is free from holes or cracks likely to cause injury to any animal;
- (f) that any vehicle used in such conveyance, carriage or transportation has adequate covering so as to give the animal such protection as is appropriate to the circumstances having regard to the type of animal being transported, the distance to be covered and the environmental factors such as the weather, temperature and terrain;
- (g) that no animal prone to aggressiveness is conveyed, carried or transported together with other animals unless adequate precaution is taken to prevent such animal attacking or causing harm or injury to such other animals;
- (h) that such conveyance, carriage or transportation from the point of loading to the point of unloading is carried out without unnecessary delay and without confining any animal for an unreasonable period of time:
- (i) that where, conditions of transport require that an animal be deprived of food and water during transport care is taken to ensure that the journey is not longer than the animal can endure without food or water;
- (*j*) that where practicable during long journeys sufficient stops are made to enable the animal to be given rest, food and water and to attend to its hygiene.
- 30 **41.** (1) Any person who fails to comply with or Penalty. contravenes the provisions of sections 39 or 40 shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction after trial by

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a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both such fine and imprisonment.

- (2) Upon the conviction of any person for an offence 5 under this Part, the Magistrate may, in addition to any sentence imposed under sub section (1) and subject to the provisions of sub section (3) make an order forfeiting the vehicle which was used in the commission of the offence and the animal or animals therein.
- 10 (3) Where the owner of the vehicle is a third party not being the spouse or child of the person convicted, an Order of forfeiture under paragraph (2) shall be made only after giving notice to such owner to show cause why such an Order should not be made and no such Order shall be made
- 15 if the owner establishes to the satisfaction of the Court that he had taken all precautions to prevent the use of the vehicle in the commission of the offence or that the vehicle has been used therefore without his knowledge :
- Provided that where the vehicle belongs to a person whosevehicle has been used for the commission of an offence forthe third time, the Magistrate shall make an order forfeitingsuch vehicle.

(4) Any vehicle or animal forfeited to the State by an order of court shall—

- 25 (a) if no appeal is preferred against such order, vest absolutely in the State with effect from the date on which the period prescribed for preferring an appeal against such order expires; and
 - (*b*) if an appeal has been preferred against such order, vest absolutely in the State with effect from the date on which the order is finally affirmed on appeal.
 - (c) be dealt with in terms of the provisions of this Act.

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PART X

USE OF LIVE ANIMALS FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES

42. (1) No person shall use live animals for teaching or Use of live research or experimentation unless such person has obtained animals for 5 a permit for the said purpose from the Authority.

experiments &c.,

(2) In issuing a permit, the Authority shall have regard, amongst other considerations that it considers relevant, to the availability of alternative methods and devices that do not involve experimentation on live animals, including

10 computer simulations and other audio-visual methods, synthetically produced models, ethically sourced cadavers and clinical experiences.

(3) The Authority may refuse to issue a permit upon being satisfied that such research can be carried out or such 15 teaching or experimentation can be performed using such alternatives as are referred to in subsection (2).

PART XI

INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION

43. All investigations under this Act shall, unless Applicability 20 otherwise provided herein, be conducted in compliance with of Code of the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act, No. 15 of 1979.

Criminal Procedure Act for investigations.

44. A Police officer not below the rank of Inspector of Search &c., Police or an Inspector may, after obtaining a Warrant 25 therefore:-

> (a) enter and inspect any premises where he has reason to believe that an offence under this Act has been committed, is being committed or is about to be committed;

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- (b) examine any books, registers or records relating to animals maintained at such premises;
- (c) question any person in any such premises with regard to the commission or imminent commission of an offence under this Act:

Provided that, where upon information received, a Police Officer not below the rank of an Inspector of Police or an Inspector is of the view that it is urgently necessary to take any of the above steps to prevent the commission or

- 10 continued commission of an offence, or to prevent the destruction of any document or other thing that may constitute evidence of the commission of an offence under this Act, or to ensure the welfare of any animal, it shall be lawful for such Police officer or Inspector to take any of the
- ¹⁵ above steps before obtaining a warrant and such Inspector or Police Officer shall, within twenty four hours of having taken such step, submit to Court a report on the steps taken and the reasons which warranted the taking of such steps without obtaining a warrant.

20	45.	(1) Where, after investigation, an Inspector has	
	reasona	ble grounds to believe that an animal —	Animal Welfare
	<i>(a)</i>	is not being cared for;	Directions by Inspectors.
	(b)	is not being provided with adequate food, water and shelter;	

- 25 (c) is experiencing pain;
 - (d) requires veterinary treatment; or
 - (e) is being worked while unfit for work,

he may issue a written direction to the person in charge of the animal requiring that person to take remedial steps and in particular to do one or more of the following:—

- (i) to care for or treat the animal in the manner stated in the direction;
 - (ii) to provide the animal with food, water, rest, shelter or other living conditions stated in the direction;
 - (iii) to consult a Veterinary Surgeon about the animal's condition by a date or time stipulated in the direction;
- (iv) to relocate the animal for any of the purposes stated in sub-paragraphs (i), (ii) or (iii) above; or
- (v) to refrain from moving the animal from the place where it is kept until a stipulated time or the happening of a stipulated event.

(2) Such a direction shall be called an Animal Welfare Direction and shall be in the form set out in the Schedule hereto.

(3) Nothing contained in sub section (1) shall prevent the
20 Inspector himself from taking any of the remedial steps mentioned in subsection (1) where such Inspector is of the opinion that it is in the best interests of the animal to do so. In such an event the Inspector shall record his reasons for taking such steps and shall forthwith make an entry to that effect at

25 the Police Station of the area.

(4) A person who fails to comply with a direction given under sub section (1) without reasonable cause shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction after trial by a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand

³⁰ rupees or to imprisonment for a term of three months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

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(5) The issue of a direction under this section in respect of any act or omission shall not by itself prejudice the institution of a prosecution for an offence under this Act in respect of such act or omission.

- 5 **46.** A Magistrate may, upon application made therefore Placing by a Police Officer or Inspector, or on his own motion, make animals in order that any animal in respect of whom an offence is alleged $\ ^{shelter \ \& \ c.}$ to have been committed, is being committed or is likely to be committed, be placed in the care and custody of a suitable and trial to
- 10 person, a State Farm, animal shelter or other suitable ensure its Institution who or which is willing to take custody of such welfare. animal, upon being satisfied that it is necessary to do so to prevent the continued commission of an offence or for the purpose of providing such animal with necessary care or
- 15 medical treatment.

47. Any person who obstructs or resists an Inspector or Obstructing a Police Officer in the exercise of any powers under this Act Police shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction after Officer, Inspector, an a trial before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding ^{Inspecto} offence.

20 three thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

48. A prosecution for an offence under this Act may be By whom instituted:-

- (a) by a peace officer; or
- 25 (b) by the Authority; or
 - (c) upon a complaint made to a Magistrate having jurisdiction in terms of the provisions of Section 136 (1) (a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure Act No. 15 of 1979.
- 30 **49.** It shall be lawful for a Magistrate to try summarily Offences any offence under this Act or any regulation made there triable under and to impose punishments prescribed in respect of summarily. the same notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any other law.

prosecutions can be instituted

50. (1) Where any person is convicted of an offence in Forfeiture, relation to an animal under this Act the Magistrate may, in readdition to any punishment that may be imposed, made Order for-

imbursement of expenses, after conviction.

- (a) the forfeiture of the animal or animals in respect of 5 which the offence was committed;
 - (b) the forfeiture of any weapon, instrument or vehicle used in the commission of the offence; or
 - (c) the re-imbursement of expenses incurred by any person or institution in whose care and custody any animal was placed in terms of the provisions of this Act.

(2) The Magistrate in making an Order under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) may direct that the care and custody of 15 the animal be given to a suitable person, a State Farm, animal shelter or other suitable institution with the consent of such person or the person in charge of such Farm, shelter or other institution, as the case may be.

(3) The provisions of subsections (3) and (4) of section 20 41 shall mutatis mutandis apply to an Order for the forfeiture of a vehicle, under paragraph (b) of subsection (1).

PART XII

MISCELLANEOUS

51. (1) The Minister may make regulations giving effect Regulations. 25 to the principles and provisions of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Minister may make regulations in respect of any of the following matters:-

(a) the maximum load to be carried or drawn by any animal;

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- (b) the conditions to be observed for preventing the overcrowding of animals in any vehicle, cage or enclosure;
- (c) regulating the use of any type of bit or harness;
- 5 (d) regulating the conduct of the business of a farrier;
 - (e) the precautions to be taken in the capture of animals;
 - (*f*) the conditions and means under which animals may be transported;
 - (g) conditions relating to aquaria;
- 10 (*h*) breeding, vaccinating and sterilizing of animals;
 - (*i*) conditions relating to farm animals including conditions and practices relating to poultry;
 - (*j*) boarding kennels, hotels for pets and other similar institutions run on a commercial basis;
- 15 (k) conditions relating to performing animals;
 - (*l*) conditions relating to pet shops;
 - (m) conditions and practices relating to slaughterhouses;
 - (*n*) stray animals;
- 20 (*o*) conditions relating to animals in theme parks;
 - (*p*) conditions relating to animals in captivity;
 - (q) conditions relating to experiments on animals;
 - (*r*) conditions relating to pest control.

(3) Every regulation made by the Minister shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into operation on the date of such publication or on such later date as may be specified in such regulation.

- (4) Every regulation made by the Minister shall as soon 5 as convenient after its publication in the Gazette, be brought before Parliament. Any Regulation which is not approved by the Parliament shall be deemed to be rescinded from the date of disapproval but without prejudice to anything previously 10 done thereunder.

52. Where an animal becomes a subject of Court Right of proceedings, it shall be lawful for the Authority, an Inspector intervention or a person authorized by an Animal Welfare Society to in cases involving intervene in the Court proceedings to safeguard the interests animals.

15 of the animal.

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53. Every person who contravenes any provision of this Contravention Act or any Regulation made therunder shall be guilty of an offence.

contravention
of provisions
of Act or
Regulation,
an offence.

- 54. Every person who commits an offence under this Penalty for 20 Act or under any Regulation made thereunder for which no offences punishment is expressly provided, shall on conviction after where not expressly trial before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding provided. five thousand rupees or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.
- 25 55. Where an offence under this Act is committed by a Offences body of persons, then-

committed by a body of persons.

- (a) if that body of persons is a body corporate, every director or officer of that body corporate; and
- (b) if that body of persons is a firm, every partner of that firm.

Shall be deemed to be guilty of such offence:

Provided that a director or an officer of such body corporate or partner of such firm shall not be deemed to be guilty of such offence if he establishes that such offence was committed 5 without his knowledge or that he exercised due diligence to

prevent the commission of such offence.

56. Any person who abets the commission of an offence Abetting &c., or attempts or conspires to commit an offence under this Act an offence. shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction be 10 liable to the same punishment as is provided for the offence.

57. No prosecution for an offence committed under this Limitation of Act shall be instituted after the expiration of twelve months time for prosecution. from the date of the commission of the offence.

58. The provisions of this Act shall not apply to pest Exemptions. 15 control activities or to any reasonable measures taken to safeguard human life or property.

59. (1) The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance, Repeal of No. 13 of 1907 is hereby repealed. All prosecutions Ordinance, commenced under the said Ordinance and pending as at the No. 13 of 1907. 20 date of its repeal shall be continued and completed under the

provisions of the said Ordinance as if it were still in force.

(2) All regulations, proclamations, orders and notifications issued or made under the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Ordinance and in force on the day preceding the

- 25 date on which this Part of this Act comes into operation shall, in so far as they are not inconsistent with this Act, continue to remain in force and shall be deemed to have been issued or made under this Act and shall so remain in force until repealed or rescinded under this Act.
- 30 60. Section 38 of the Animals Act, No. 29 of 1958 (as Definition of amended by Act, No. 46 of 1988) is hereby further amended

"animal" under Section 38 of the Animals Act.

by the repeal of the definition of "animal" and the substitution, of the following definition therefore:-

"animal" means neat cattle (ela haraka) or buffalo and in section 3c and Part IV, includes a sheep, goat, pig or poultry."

61. In the event of inconsistency between the provisions This Act to of this Act and any other Act relating to animals, the prevail in the provisions of this Act shall prevail.

PART XIII

GENERAL

62. (1) For the purpose of enabling the Authority to Authority exercise, perform and discharge any of the functions, powers, and duties under section 14 and section 15 of this Act, the Authority or any person authorized in that behalf by the

15 Authority may by notice in writing require any person to furnish to the Authority or to the person authorized, within such period as shall be specified in the notice, information pertaining to any animal as may be specified.

(2) It shall be the duty of any person who is required to 20 furnish any information by a notice under subsection (1) to comply with such requirement within the period specified in such notice, except where such person is precluded from divulging such information under the provisions of any law.

(3) No member, officer or employee of the Authority shall disclose to any person outside the Authority and other than 25 for the purposes of the Authority any information furnished under subsection (1) except when required so to do by a court of law.

63. The Authority shall be deemed to be a scheduled Authority to 30 institution within the meaning of the Bribery Act and the provisions of that Act, shall be construed accordingly.

be a scheduled institution within the meaning of the Bribery Act.

event of inconsistency with other Acts relating to animals.

may call for information.

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64. All members, officers and servants of the Authority shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning and for the purposes of the Penal Code. Members, officers and servants of the Authority the Authority officers and servants of the Penal Code.

65. (1) Where any immovable property of the State is State property for any purpose of the Authority, such purpose shall be deemed to be a purpose for which a special grant or lease of such property may be made under section 6 of the Crown Lands Ordinance and accordingly the provisions of that Ordinance shall apply to a special grant or lease of such the Authority.

(2) Where any movable property of the State is required for any purpose of the Authority, the Minister may, by Order published in the Gazette, transfer to and vest in the Authority the possession and use of such movable property:

- 15 Provided however, that no Order affecting any movable property of the State shall be made by the Minister under the preceding provisions of this subsection, without the concurrence of the Minister having control over such property.
- 20 66. (1) Where any immovable property is required to be acquired for any specific purpose of the Authority and the Minister by Order published in the *Gazette* approves of the proposed acquisition for that purpose that property shall be deemed to be required for a public purpose and may
 25 accordingly be acquired under the Land Acquisition Act and transferred to the Authority.

(2) Any sum payable, for the acquisition of any immovable property under the Land Acquisition Act for the Authority shall be paid out of the Fund of the Authority.

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67. (1) No suit or prosecution shall be instituted —

(a) against the Authority, for any act, which in good or on the faith is done or purported to be done by the direction of Authority under this Act; or

Members, officers and servants of the Authority deemed to be public servants.

property both movable and immovable to be made available to the Authority.

under the Land Acquisition Act.

Protection for action taken under this Act or on the direction of the Authority.

- (b) against any member, officer or employee of the Authority for any act which in good faith is done or purported to be done by him under this Act or on the direction of the Authority.
- (2) Any expenses incurred by any such person as is 5 referred to in paragraph (b) of subsection (1), in any suit or prosecution instituted against him in respect of any act which is done or purported to be done by him under this Act or on the direction of the Authority shall be paid out of the Fund of
- 10 the Authority, if the Court holds that such act was done in good faith.

68. The Minister may, require or direct the Authority to Furnishing of furnish to the Minister, in such form as the Minister may information require, returns, accounts and other information with respect to the

15 to the work of the Authority and the Authority shall carry out every such direction.

Minister.

69. The Authority shall publish in the national Annual languages, within four months after the end of each financial Report. year of the Authority and make to the Minister a report on the

20 exercise and performance by the Authority of its powers and duties during that year and on its policy and programme. The Minister shall lay a copy of such report before Parliament.

PART XIV

INTERPRETATION

70. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires— Interpretation. 25

> "animal" means any living being other than a humanbeing and includes a domestic animal, a farm animal, an animal in captivity, a wild animal, a companion animal, a stray animal and a food animal as hereinafter defined:

> "animal in captivity" means an animal kept in a zoo or circus or other situation of confinement, whether

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	for work or ceremonial or any other purpose, other than a domestic animal or a farm animal;
5	"animal shelter" means a shelter or infirmary or any other location or transit point used for safe keeping and maintenance of animals;
	"Authority" means the National Animal Welfare Authority established under Part II of this Act;
10	"Ayurvedic Medical Council" means the Ayurvedic Medical Council extablished by the Ayurvedic Medical Council Act, No. 31 of 1961;
	"cage" includes a pen, kennel, hutch and other similar receptacle;
15	"Central Environmental Authority" means the Central Environmental Authority established by the National Environmental Act, No. 47 of 1980;
	"Chairperson" means the Chairperson of the Authority appointed under Section 9 of this Act;
	"companion animal" includes an animal kept as a guide or a pet;
20	"confine" in relation to an animal, means to restrict its freedom of movement including—
	(<i>a</i>) by enclosure in a cage, pit, yard, field or other enclosure serving to restrict freedom of access and movement; and
25	(b) by pinioning, tethering or other manner of restraint;
	"Director" means Director appointed under this Act and includes a Deputy Director and an Assistant Director;

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"domestic animal" means-

(i)	an animal of a species commonly kept as pets,
	whether or not that animal is being kept as a
	pet at the relevant time;

- (ii) an animal of any species if that animal has been or is being kept as a pet;
- (iii) an animal used for riding, racing, transport, work, breeding or display;
- (iv) an animal used as a guard or guide or companion animal;
- "farm animal" means an animal kept or used for agricultural or dairy or livestock purposes and includes poultry;
- "food animal" means an animal whose flesh is consumed as food by humans;
- "Inspector" means an Animal Welfare Inspector appointed under section 16;
- "ill-treat" in relation to an animal means causing an animal to suffer, by any act or omission, pain or distress that in its kind or degree or in its object or in the circumstances in which it is inflicted, is cruel;
- "infirmary" means a shelter established to keep sick or aged or disabled animals;
- 25 "local authority" means a Municipal Council, Urban Council or Pradeshiya Sabha and includes any authority created and established by or under, any law to exercise, perform or discharge powers, duties and functions corresponding to or similar

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to powers, duties and functions exercised, performed and discharged by any such Council or Sabha;

"Minister" means the Minister in charge of the subject of animal welfare;

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- "overwalking" in relation to an animal means forcible walking under cruel or distressful conditions;
- "pain" includes distress and mental or physical suffering;
- 10 "peace officer" includes Police Officers, Grama Niladharis appointed by a Divisional Secretary in writing to perform police duties;
 - "person" includes any body of person, corporate or unincorporated;
- 15 "person in charge of an animal" means a person who—
 - (a) owns or has a lease, license or other proprietary right to or over the animal; or
 - (b) has custody of the animal, whether lawfully or otherwise;
- 20 "pinioning" in relation to a bird means disabling a bird's wing or removing part of a bird's wing;

"possession" includes control and custody;

"prescribed" means prescribed by or under this Act;

"research" in relation to an animal means an experiment, procedure, test or study in which an animal is used and includes subjecting an animal to surgical, medical, psychological, biological, chemical or physical treatment;

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	"stray animal" means an animal at large or an abandoned animal or an animal which is not a wild animal wandering in a street, road or any public place;
5	"trap" means a net, cage, snare, pen, pitfall or electrical device or mechanical thing used for the purpose of killing, entrapping, entangling, restraining or immobilizing an animal; but does not include—
10	 (i) any fenced area of land or other effective enclosure used for handling, herding or mustering an animal; or
	(ii) any enclosure, such as cage used for transporting an animal;
15	"University Grants Commission" means the University Grants Commission established by the Universities Act, No. 16 of 1978 ;
	"vehicle" means any conveyance used as a means of transport;
20	"Veterinary Council of Sri Lanka" means the Veterinary Council of Sri lanka constituted by the Veterinary Surgeons and Practitioners Act, No. 46 of 1956;
25	"Veterinary Surgeon" means a Veterinary Surgeon registered under the Veterinary Surgeons and Practitioners Act, No. 46 of 1956 and includes a Veterinary Practitioner;
	"Veterinary treatment of an animal" means—
	(i) consulting with a Veterinary Surgeon about an animal's condition;
30	(ii) a medical or surgical procedure performed on an animal by a Veterinary Surgeon; or

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- (iii) a medical procedure of a curative nature performed on an animal;
- "welfare of an animal" includes the health, safety and well-being of an animal;
- "wild animal" means an elephant or any other species of animal listed in the Schedules to the Fauna and Flora Protection Ordinance that is not in captivity.

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71. In the event of any inconsistency between the Sinhala Sinhala text and Tamil texts of this Act, the Sinhala text shall prevail.

inconsistency.

SCHEDULE

[Section 45 (2)]

ANIMAL WELFARE DIRECTION

Name of the person in charge of the animal:— His/Her address:— Address where animals is kept:— Identification of the animal, if any:— Special marks, if any:— Sex, Breed and type of animal:—

Conditions under which the animal is kept:— Remarks, if any:— Date and time:—

Signature of the Inspector:---

Name and Designation:-

DECLARATION BY THE PERSON IN CHARGE OF THE ANIMAL

I agree to abide by the foregoing direction issued to me in the interes tof the said animal's. I hereby undertake to comply with the said directin, failing which I am aware that I may be charged for breach of the provisions of the Animal Welfare Act.

Signature of the person in charge of the animal:

Date:----

(in case compliane is refused, the Inspector shall record it and the action taken by him under the remarks column)

Annual subscription of English Bills and Acts of the Parliament Rs. 885 (Local), Rs. 1,180 (Foreign), Payable to the Superintendent, Government Publications Bureau, Department of Government Information, No. 163, Kirulapona Mawatha, Polhengoda, Colombo 05 before 15th December each year in respect of the year following.