

PARLIAMENT OF THE DEMOCRATIC SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF SRI LANKA

FINANCE

A

BILL

to provide for the imposition of Bars and Taverns Levy, Casino Industry Levy, Super Gain Tax, Mobile Telephone operator Levy, Direct to home Satellite Services Levy, Satellite Location Levy, Dedicated Sports Channel Levy, Mansion Tax, Migratin Tax and Motor Vehicles Importer Licence Fee and to provide for matters connected therewith and incidental thereto.

Presented by the Minister of Finance on 22nd September, 2015

(Published in the Gazette on March 30, 2015)

Ordered by Parliament to be printed

[Bill No. 4]

PRINTED AT THE DEPARTMENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, SRI LANKA TO BE PURCHASED AT THE GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS BUREAU, COLOMBO 5

Price : Rs. 16.00

Postage : Rs. 20.00

2-PL 009241 -475 (09/2015)

L.D.-O. 10/2015

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE IMPOSITION OF BARS AND TAVERNS LEVY, CASINO INDUSTRY LEVY, SUPER GAIN TAX, MOBILE TELEPHONE OPERATOR LEVY, DIRECT TO HOME SATELLITE SERVICES LEVY, SATELLITE LOCATION LEVY, DEDICATED SPORTS CHANNEL LEVY, MANSION TAX, MIGRATING TAX AND MOTOR VEHICLE IMPORTERS LICENCE FEE AND TO PROVIDE FOR MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH AND INCIDENTAL THERETO,

BE it enacted by the Parliament of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka as follows:-

1. This Act may be cited as the Finance Act, No. of Short title. 2015.

5

PARTI

BARS AND TAVERNS LEVY

2. (1) There shall be levied, from every holder of a Imposition licence specified in the Schedule to this Act, issued under of the Bars the Excise Ordinance (Chapter 52), who held such licence Levy.

and Taverns

10 as at March 31, 2015, a levy to be called Bars and Taverns Levy (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the levy") of rupees two hundred and fifty thousand.

(2) Where a holder of a licence referred to in subsection (1), held more than one licence specified in the Schedule,

15 he shall be liable to pay the levy in respect of every such licence.

(3) The levy shall be paid on or before May 31, 2015.

(4) The levy shall be collected by the Commissioner General and shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund 20 within fifteen days from the date of collection.

2-PL 008881-450 (03/2015)

3. (1) Any holder of a licence who fails to pay the levy Default in as provided for in section 2, shall be deemed to be a defaulter payment of the levy. under this Act.

(2) The provisions of section 4 shall apply to and in ⁵ relation to the prosecution against any such defaulter and for the recovery of such levy.

4. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof is Recovery of in default, the Commissioner General shall issue a certificate the levy in containing particulars of the amount in default and the

default.

10 name and address of the last known place of residence or business of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.

(2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why proceedings for the recovery of 15 the amount of the levy in default should not be taken against him.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate

20 on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the Commissioner General to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

(4) In addition to the fine imposed under subsection (3), the licence issued to the relevant defaulter under Excise 25 Ordinance (Chapter 52), may be cancelled by the Commissioner General with effect from July 1, 2015.

5. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires-

> "Commissioner General" means the Commissioner General of Excise appointed under section 7 of the Excise Ordinance (Chapter 52).

2

PART II

CASINO INDUSTRY LEVY

6. (1) There shall be levied from every person who Imposition of engaged in the business of a casino, as at January 29, 2015, the Casino Industry 5 a levy to be called the Casino Industry Levy (hereinafter in Levy. this Part referred to as "the levy") of rupees one thousand million.

(2) Where a person referred to in subsection (1) engaged in the business of more than one casino, such person shall 10 be liable to pay the levy in respect of every such casino.

(3) The levy shall be paid on or before May 31, 2015.

(4) The levy shall be collected by the Commissioner General and shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection.

7. (1) Any person who fails to pay the levy as provided Default in 15 for in section 6, shall be deemed to be a defaulter under payment of the levy. this Act.

(2) The provisions of section 8 shall apply to and in relation to the prosecution against any such defaulter and 20 for the recovery of such levy in default.

8. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof is in Recovery of default, the Commissioner General shall issue a certificate the levy in containing particulars of the amount in default and the name and address of the last known place of residence or business

default.

25 of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.

(2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why proceedings for the recovery

of the amount of the levy in default should not be taken against him.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the5 Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the Commissioner General to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

9. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. 10 requires-

"casino"	means	any	premises	to	which	individuals
hav	ve acce	ss–				

- (a) with or without payment;
- (b) whether as of right or not,
- 15 for the playing of any game for a stake and includes the playing of baccarat, puntobanco, big six, blackjack, boule, chemin de- fer, chuck a luck, crown and anchor, faro, faro bank, hazard, poker dice, pontoon, American
 20 frcanch roulette, trente et quarntc, vingt et um, or wheel of fortune or any other game which the Minister may, from time to time prescribe by regulations;
 - "Commissioner General" means the Commissioner General of Inland Revenue appointed or deemed to be appointed under the Inland Revenue Act, No. 10 of 2006;
 - "person" includes a company registered under the Companies Act, No. 7 of 2007and a person or a company licensed under the Casino Business (Regulation) Act, No.17 of 2010.

4

25

PART III

SUPER GAIN TAX

10. (1) There shall be levied, subject to the other Imposition of provisions of this Part, a tax to be called a Super Gain Tax the Super 5 (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the tax") from-

Gain Tax.

5

- (a) any company or any individual whose profit before income tax as per the audited financial statement for the year of assessment commenced on April 1, 2013 exceeds rupees two thousand million, at the rate of twenty five per centum on the taxable income of such company or individual, for such year of assessment;
- (b) each company of a group of companies, of which the aggregate of the profits before income tax of all subsidiaries and the holding company in that group of companies, exceeds rupees two thousand million as per the audited financial statements, for the year of assessment commenced on April 1, 2013, at the rate of twenty five per centum, on the taxable income of each such company, for such year of assessment, notwithstanding that the profit before income tax of any such company does not exceed rupees two thousand million:
- Provided however, where the profit before income tax of any company of a group of companies exceeds rupees two thousand million, as per the audited financial statement for the year of assessment commenced on April 1, 2013, but the aggregate of the profits before income tax, of all subsidiaries and the holding company in that group of companies, does not exceed rupees two thousand million, as per the audited financial statements for the year of assessment commenced on April 1, 2013, the tax shall be levied only from such company.

10

15

20

25

30

(2) For the purpose of subsection (1), "taxable income"-

- (*a*) in relation to a company which has entered into an agreement with the Board of Investment of Sri Lanka under section 17 of the Board of Investment of Sri Lanka Law, No. 4 of 1978 and has become liable to income tax after expiration of its period of tax exemption as per such agreement, means the profit before income tax of such company, as per the audited financial statement;
- 10 (b) in relation to an individual or a company other than the companies referred to in paragraph (a), shall have the same meaning assigned to such expression under the Inland Revenue Act, No. 10 of 2006.
- (3) Any individual or a company who is liable to pay the
 tax under this Part shall pay the tax on or before the fifteenth
 day, respectively of May, July and September of 2015,
 notwithstanding any assessment has not been made on the
 taxable income of such individual or company.
- (4) The tax shall be collected by the Commissioner Generaland shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection.

(5) The provisions which may be necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Part, shall be prescribed by regulations made under this Act.

- (6) It shall be the duty of every subsidiary and the holding company of a group of companies, to pay the tax calculated under subsection (1), as provided for in subsection (3), to the Commissioner General.
- (7) Any subsequent liquidation process of a subsidiary or
 ³⁰ the holding company of a group of companies shall not release any such company from the liability to pay the tax under this Part.

6

r	••			
H	11	iai	nc	6
	111	w	vu	•

7

(8) Notwithstanding any provision contrary in any other written law,-

(a) the tax levied under this Part shall be deemed to be an expenditure in the financial statement relating 5 to the year of assessment commenced on April 1, 2013: (b) no deduction shall be granted in calculating the taxable income under Inland Revenue Act, No. 10 of 2006, for any year of assessment, for the payment of tax under this Part; (c) no deduction shall be granted in calculating the tax payable under Value Added Tax Act, No. 14 of 2002, for the payment of tax under this Part; (d) no deduction shall be granted in calculating the tax payable under Nation Building Tax Act, No. 9 of 2009, for the payment of tax under this Part. 11. (1) Where any company, individual or a group of Default in companies who is liable to pay the tax under this Part, fails payment of the tax. to pay such tax, as provided for in this Part, such company, 20 individual or group of companies shall be deemed to be a defaulter of tax under this Act. (2) The provisions of Chapter XII, Chapter XXII, Chapter XXIII, Chapter XXIV, Chapter XXV, Chapter XXVI, Chapter XXVII, Chapter XXX and Chapter XXXI of the Inland 25 Revenue Act, No.10 of 2006 shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to and in relation to any such defaulter .

12. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires-

> "Commissioner General", "company" and "year of assessment" have the same meanings, respectively assigned to those expressions under the Inland Revenue Act, No. 10 of 2006;

10

15

T	
H	inance
	manucc

"group of companies" means a holding company and its subsidiaries;

- "holding company" means a company which owns more than fifty per centum of the shares with voting rights of another company, directly or indirectly;
- "subsidiary" means a company in which more than fifty per centum of its shares with voting rights are owned by another company, directly or indirectly.

10

5

PART IV

MOBILE TELEPONE OPERATOR LEVY

13. (1) There shall be levied, on every person who Imposition engaged in the business of a licensed mobile telephone $\stackrel{\text{of Mobile}}{-}$ 15 operator, as at March 31, 2015, a levy to be called Licensed Operator Mobile Telephone Operator Levy (hereinafter in this Levy. Part referred to as "the levy") of rupees two hundred and fifty million.

Telephone

(2) The levy shall be paid on or before May 31, 2015.

20 (3) The levy shall be collected by the Telecommunications Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka established under the Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act, No. 25 of 1991 (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the Commission"), and shall be remitted to the Consolidated

25 Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection.

14. (1) Any person who fails to pay the levy as provided Default in for in section 13, shall be deemed to be a defaulter under this payment of the levy. Act.

(2)The provisions of section 15 shall apply to and in 30 relation to the prosecution against such defaulter and for the recovery of such levy in default.

15. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof Recovery of is in default, the Commission shall issue a certificate the levy in default. containing particulars of the amount in default and the name and address of the last known place of residence or

⁵ business of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.

(2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why proceedings for the recovery of the amount of the levy in default should not be taken 10 against him.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be

¹⁵ remitted to the Commission to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

16. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires-

> "licensed mobile telephone operator" means an operator licensed under section 17 of the Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act, No. 25 of 1991, other than an operator who is authorized solely to provide a public pay phone service;

> "person" includes a body of persons whether incorporated or unincorporated.

PART V

DIRECT TO HOME SATELLITE SERVICES LEVY

17. (1) There shall be levied, on every person who was Imposition of carrying on the business of the provision of direct to home the Direct to ³⁰ services through satellite, as at March 31, 2015, having ^{Home} _{Satellite} more than fifty thousand subscribers in Sri Lanka, a levy to Saternice Services be called Direct To Home Satellite Services Levy Levy. (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the levy") of rupees one thousand million.

20

25

(2) The levy shall be paid on or before May 31, 2015.

(3) The levy shall be collected by the Telecommunications Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka established under the Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act,

5 No. 25 of 1991 (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the Commission"), and shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection .

18. (1) Any person who fails to pay the levy as provided Default in for in section 17, shall be deemed to be a defaulter under payment of the levy. 10 this Act.

(2) The provisions of section 19 shall apply to and in relation to the prosecution against any such defaulter and for the recovery of such levy in default.

- 19. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof Recovery of 15 is in default, the Commission shall issue a certificate the levy in containing particulars of the amount in default and the name and address of the last known place of residence or business of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.
- 20 (2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why the proceedings for the recovery of the amount of the levy in default should not be taken against him.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, 25 the amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the Commission to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

30 (4) In addition to the fine imposed under subsection (3), the licence issued to the relevant defaulter under Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act, No. 25 of 1991, to carry on the

default.

business of the provision of direct to home services through satellite, may be cancelled by the Commission with effect from May 31, 2015.

20. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. 5 requires-

> "provision of direct to home services through satellite" means the provision of direct to home television broadcasting and sound broadcasting services through satellites under the authority of a licence issued by the Telecommunications Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka established under the Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act, No. 25 of 1991;

"person" includes a body of persons whether incorporated or unincorporated.

PART VI

SATELLITE LOCATION LEVY

21. (1)There shall be levied, from any person who Imposition of 20 owned satellites and was permitted to utilize the Sri Lankan the Satellite satellite locations, as at March 31, 2015, a levy to be called the Satellite Location Levy (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the levy") of rupees one thousand million.

Location Levy.

(2) The levy shall be paid on or before May 31, 2015.

- 25 (3) The levy shall be collected by the Telecommunications Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka established under the Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act, No. 25 of 1991 (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the Commission"), and shall be remitted to the Consolidated
- ³⁰ Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection .

10

15

22. (1) Any person who fails to pay the levy as provided Default in for in section 21, shall be deemed to be a defaulter under payment of the levy. this Act.

(2) The provisions of section 23 shall apply to and in ⁵ relation to the prosecution against any such defaulter and for the recovery of such levy in default.

default.

- 23. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof is Recovery of in default, the Commission shall issue a certificate containing the levy in particulars of the amount in default and the name and 10 address of the last known place of residence or business of
- the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.

(2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why proceedings for the recovery of ¹⁵ the amount of the levy in default should not be taken against him.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the

20 Magistrate on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the Commission to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

24. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires-

- 25 "Sri Lankan satellite location" means an orbit slot allocated to Sri Lanka by the International Telecommunications Union for the purpose of providing and obtaining services through satellites;
- "person" includes a body of persons whether 30 incorporated or unincorporated.

PART VII

DEDICATED SPORTS CHANNEL LEVY

25. (1) There shall be levied, on every person who was Imposition carrying on the business of operating an island-wide of the Dedicated 5 dedicated sports channel, as at March 31, 2015, under the Sports authority of a Certificate of Registration issued under the Channel Sri Lanka Rupavahini Corporation Act, No. 6 of 1982, using Levy. five or more transmitting locations as at January 29, 2015, a levy to be called Dedicated Sports Channel Levy (hereinafter

10 in this Part referred to as "the levy") of rupees one thousand million.

(2) The levy shall be paid on or before May 31, 2015.

(3) The levy shall be collected by the Telecommunications Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka 15 established under the Sri Lanka Telecommunications Act, No. 25 of 1991 (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the Commission") and shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection .

26. (1) Any person who fails to pay the levy as provided Default in 20 for in section 25, shall be deemed to be a defaulter under payment of this Act.

(2) The provisions of section 27 shall apply to and in relation to the prosecution against such defaulter and for the recovery of such levy in default.

- 25 27. (1) Where the amount of the levy or part thereof is in Recovery of default, the Commission shall issue a certificate containing the levy in particulars of the amount in default and the name and address default. of the last known place of residence or business of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.
- (2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter 30 to show cause why proceedings for the recovery of the amount of the levy in default should not be taken against him.

the levy.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the 5 Commission to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

28. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires–

"dedicated sports channel"means a television channel of which ninety *per centum* of the telecasting time is allocated for telecasting sports related programmes;

"person" includes a body of persons whether incorporated or unincorporated.

PART VIII

MANSION TAX

29. (1) There shall be levied, for every year commencing Imposition on or after April 1, 2015, on every owner of a mansion of the constructed on or after April 1, 2000, a tax to be called Mansion Tax (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the tax")
 20 of rupees one million per annum.

(2) The tax shall be paid, in addition to the rates and taxes charged and levied by any local authority and shall be paid in four equal installments, respectively as follows:-

(*a*) first installment on or before the fifteenth day of July of the relevant year of assessment;

- (*b*) second installment on or before the fifteenth day of October of the relevant year of assessment;
- (c) third installment on or before the fifteenth day of January of the year succeeding the relevant year of assessment;

30

25

14

10

r	••			
H	'in	11	nc	P

(d) fourth installment on or before the fifteenth day of April of the year succeeding the relevant year of assessment.

(3) The tax shall be collected by the relevant local 5 authority and shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection.

(4) The provisions which may be necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Part, including any adjustment to be made in determining the value of any

10 building, shall be prescribed by regulations made under this Act.

30. (1) Any person who fails to pay the tax as Default in provided for in section 29, shall be deemed to be a defaulter payment of the tax. under this Act.

15 (2) The provisions of section 31 shall apply to and in relation to the prosecution against any such defaulter and for the recovery of such tax in default.

31. (1) Where the amount of the tax or part thereof is Recovery of in default, the chairman or the mayor, as the case may be, the tax in 20 of the relevant local authority shall issue a certificate default.

- containing particulars of the amount in default and the name and address of the last known place of residence or business of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.
- 25 (2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why proceedings for the recovery of the amount of the levy in default should not be taken against him.

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the 30 amount of the levy in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate on such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the relevant local authority to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

32. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. requires-

	"mansion" means any building constructed on or
	after April 1, 2000 for residential purpose of
5	which the floor area is not less than ten
	thousand square feet as per the building plan
	approved by the local authority of the local
	authority area wherein such building is
	situated or the value of such building, as at
10	the first day of April of any relevant year, is
	not less than rupees one hundred and fifty
	million as determined by the Government
	Chief Valuer or by an officer authorized by
	him, after making any adjustment as may be
15	prescribed and in the case of a condominium
	property, a condominium unit of such property
	shall be deemed to be a building for the
	purposes of this Part;
20	"local authority" means any Municipal Council,
20	Urban Council or Pradeshiya Sabha and
	includes any authority created or established
	by, or under, any law to exercise, perform or
	discharge the powers duties and functions
25	corresponding to, or similar to, the powers,
25	duties and functions exercised, performed or
	discharged by any such Council or Sabha;
	"owner of a mansion" means a person or persons who
	hold the ownership of the land wherein the
	relevant mansion is situated, in accordance
30	with the written laws governing land ownership
	and in the case of a condominium property, an
	owner of a condominium unit of such property
	shall be deemed to be the owner of the mansion
	for the purposes of this Part.

PARTIX

MIGRATING TAX

33. (1) There shall be levied, with effect from April 1, Imposition of 2015, from any citizen of Sri Lanka who permanently leaves the Migrating Sri Lanka, a tax to be called Migrating Tax (hereinafter in Tax. 5 this Part referred to as "the tax") at the rate of twenty per centum on the foreign exchange released to be taken out of the country by such citizen.

(2) The tax shall be collected by the Controller of ¹⁰ Exchange from the citizen referred to in subsection (1), at the point of outward remittance of foreign currency, in accordance with the provisions of the directions and regulations made under Exchange Control Act and shall be remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from

¹⁵ the date of collection.

(3) The provisions which may be necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Part shall be prescribed by regulations made under this Act.

34. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. 20 requires-

> "Controller of Exchange" means the Head of the Exchange Control Department established under section 2 of the Exchange Control Act;

> "Citizen of Sri Lanka" has the same meaning assigned to such expression under the Citizenship Act (Chapter 349);

> "Exchange Control Act" means the Exchange Control Act (Chapter 423).

PART X

30

25

MOTOR VEHICLE IMPORTERS LICENCE FEE

35. (1) There shall be levied, for every year commencing Imposition of on or after April 1, 2015, from every importer of motor the Motor vehicles, a fee to be called a Motor Vehicle Importers Vehicle income the second seco Licence Fee (hereinafter in this Part referred to as "the fee") Licence Fee.

35 of rupees one million five hundred thousand per annum:

Provided however, any person who imports a motor vehicle for personnel use shall not be liable to pay the fee.

(2) The ownership of a motor vehicle imported for personal use, in respect of which the fee was not paid under
⁵ subsection (1), shall not be transferred to a second owner, for a period of four years from the date of the registration of such motor vehicle in the name of the importer, unless such importer proves to the satisfaction of the Commissioner General of Motor Traffic that there is no commercial purpose
10 involved:

Provided however, the transfer of ownership of such motor vehicle to any bank licensed under the Banking Act, No. 30 of 1988 or to any finance company licensed under the Finance Business Act, No. 42 of 2011 or to any finance 15 leasing establishment registered under the Finance Leasing

Act, No. 56 of 2000, as a security for a hire purchase agreement or a finance lease agreement, entered into by the importer with such bank, finance company or finance leasing establishment in respect of such motor vehicle shall not be

20 deemed to be a transfer of ownership for the purposes of this section.

(3) The fee shall be paid as follows:-

(*a*) for the year commencing on April 1, 2015, on or before May 31, 2015;

25

(b) for every year commencing on or after April 1, 2016, on or before March 31 of the relevant year.

(4) The fee shall be collected by the Commissioner General of Motor Traffic, in the prescribed manner and shall be
 ³⁰ remitted to the Consolidated Fund within fifteen days from the date of collection.

(5) The provisions which may be necessary for the implementation of the provisions of this Part shall be prescribed by regulations made under this Act.

36. (1) Any person who fails to pay the fee as provided Default in for in section 35, shall be deemed to be a defaulter under payment of this Act.

(2) The provisions of section 37 shall apply to and in 5 relation to the prosecution against any such defaulter and for the recovery of such fee in default.

37. (1) Where the amount of the fee or part thereof is in Recovery of default, the Commissioner General of Motor Traffic shall the fee in issue a certificate containing particulars of the amount in

10 default and the name and address of the last known place of residence or business of the defaulter to the Magistrate having jurisdiction over such place.

(2) The Magistrate shall thereupon summon the defaulter to show cause why proceedings for the recovery of the 15 amount of the fee in default should not be taken against him

(3) If sufficient cause is not shown by the defaulter, the amount of the fee in default shall by Order of the Magistrate be recovered as if it was a fine imposed by the Magistrate on

20 such defaulter and shall when recovered, be remitted to the Commissioner General of Motor Traffic to be credited to the Consolidated Fund.

38. The Commissioner General of Motor Traffic who Validation. collected the fee as provided for in this Part of this Act during ²⁵ the period commencing from April 1, 2015, and ending on the date on which the Certificate of the Speaker is endorsed in respect of this Act, shall be deemed to have acted with due authority and such collection shall be deemed to have been validly made.

39. In this Part of this Act, unless the context otherwise Interpretation. 30 requires-

> "Commissioner General of Motor Traffic" means the Commissioner General of Motor Traffic appointed under section 204 of the Motor Traffic Act (Chapter 203);

the fee.

19

default.

"motor vehicle" mean a motor car, a dual purpose vehicle, a light motor coach with a passenger capacity of less than sixteen passengers and any other vehicle prescribed by regulations made under this Act.

PART XI

GENREAL

40. Where the default in payment of a levy, tax or fee Default by imposed under this Act is made by a body of persons, if that bodies of persons. 10 body of persons is-

- (a) a body corporate, every director and officer of that body corporate; or
- (b) a firm, every partner of that firm; or
- (c) a body unincorporated other than a firm, every officer of that body responsible for its management and control,

shall be liable to be prosecuted for the recovery of such levy, tax or fee, as provided for in this Act.

41. (1) The Minister may make regulations in respect of Regulations. 20 all matters which are required to be prescribed or for which regulations are authorized to be made under this Act.

(2) Every regulation made by the Minister under subsection (1) shall be published in the Gazette and shall come into operation on the date of such publication or on 25 such later date as may be specified therein.

(3) Every regulation made by the Minister shall as soon as convenient after its publication in the Gazette be brought before Parliament for approval. Every regulation which is not so approved shall be deemed to be rescinded from the

30 date of disapproval but without prejudice to anything previously done thereunder.

20

5

(4) Notification of the date on which any regulation is deemed to be rescinded shall be published in the Gazette.

42. In the event of any inconsistency between the Sinhala text Sinhala and Tamil texts of this Act, the Sinhala text shall to prevail in 5 prevail.

case of inconsistency.

SCHEDULE

- 1. Retail licence for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made foreign liquor) not to be consumed on the premises. (Excise F.L.4)
- 2. Licence for the supply of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) to residents in hotels.(Excise F.L.7)
- 3. Bar licence for a place of public entertainment for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) to be consumed on the premises. (Excise F.L.9)
- 4. Licence for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) in a refreshment room or in a dining car attached to a railway train.(Excise F.L.10)
- 5. Licence for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) in a refreshment room or restaurant. (excise F.L.11)
- 6. Licence for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) in a rest house.(Excise F.L.12)
- 7. Licence for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) in a proprietary club.(excise F.L.13)
- 8. Licence for the sale of foreign liquor (including locally made malt liquor) in a members only clubs, social and recreational clubs.(Excise F.L.13a)
- 9. Special licence for sale of beer, ale, stout and wines retail licence. [Excise F.L.22 a]
- 10. Beer, ale, stout and wines retail licence to be consumed on the premises .[Excise F.L.22 b]

Annual subscription of English Bills and Acts of the Parliament Rs. 885 (Local), Rs. 1,180 (Foreign), Payable to the Superintendent, Government Publications Bureau, Department of Government Information, No. 163, Kirulapona Mawatha, Polhengoda, Colombo 05 before 15th December each year in respect of the year following.